

Seat No.	
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S.E. (Civil) (Part - II) (Semester - IV) Examination, May - 2014

SURVEYING - II

Sub. Code : 43587

Day and Date : Saturday, 17 - 05 - 2014

Total Marks : 100

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- Instructions :
- 1) Solve any three questions from each section.
 - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 - 3) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.
 - 4) Assume any additional data if required and state them clearly.
 - 5) Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.

SECTION - I

- Q1) a) Derive expression for horizontal distance, reduced level of staff station for the staff held vertical when the line of sight is inclined downwards for a tacheometer. [8]
- b) In order to determine the RL of station B, two observations are taken by a theodolite from station A - one to a BM and the other to station B. The observations are as under.

Instrument station	staff station	target	vertical angle	staff Reading	Remarks
A	BM	Lower	- 10°0'	0.655	RL of BM is
		Upper	- 7°0'	2.655	
A	B	Lower	- 5°0'	1.250	510.500 m
		Upper	+ 4°0'	3.200	

Find the distance between bench mark and station B and also RL of station B. [9]

Q2) a) Explain the different steps to be followed in Triangulation work. [6]

b) From an eccentric station 'S' which is 12.25 m to the west of main triangulation station B, the following angles were measured

$\angle BSC = 76^\circ 25' 32''$, $\angle CSA = 54^\circ 32' 20''$. The stations S and C are to the opposite sides of the line AB. Calculate the correct angle $\angle ABC$ if the lengths AB and BC are 5286.5 m and 4932.2 m respectively. [10]

Q3) a) Define the terms : [6]

i) Rational Horizon

ii) Sensible Horizon

iii) Visible Horizon

b) Describe the procedure of locating Polaris in the clear sky. [5]

c) Describe Earth's co-ordinate system. [6]

Q4) Write short notes on : [16]

a) Uses of total station

b) Systems of Triangulation

c) Astronomical Triangle

d) Measurement of distance with subtense bar

SECTION - II

Q5) a) Explain the detail field procedure of setting out circular curve by offsets from chord produced. [6]

b) Two tangents intersect at chainage of 1200 m, the deflection angle being 36° . Calculate all the data necessary for setting out a curve with a radius of 300 m by offsets from chords produced. Take peg interval being 30 m. [11]

- Q6) a) Draw the neat sketch of vertical curve, state formulae for chainages and RL'S of key points in curve. [6]
- b) What is flight planning and what factors affects the scale of Photography. [6]
- c) Explain with neat sketch Mirror Stereoscope. [5]
- Q7) a) What is idealized remote sensing system? [5]
- b) What do you understand by Global Positioning System? [6]
- c) What are the objectives of a GIS? [5]
- Q8) Write short notes on any three : [16]
- a) Transition Curve and Shift
- b) Parallax bar
- c) Remote sensing observation Platform
- d) Mosaics

